

This print-out should have 12 questions. Multiple-choice questions may continue on the next column or page – find all choices before answering. The due time is Central time.

Please notice that for your homework to be considered towards your grade, it needs to be submitted one hour before the corresponding recitation starts.

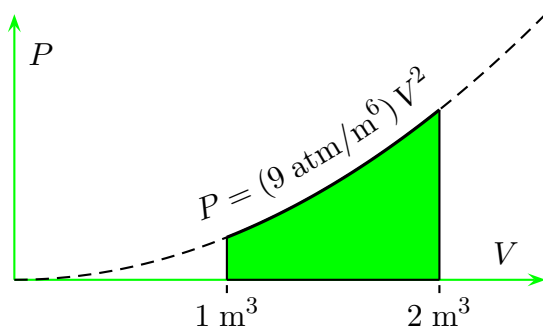
PLEASE REMEMBER THAT YOU MUST CARRY OUT YOUR CALCULATIONS TO AT LEAST THREE SIGNIFICANT FIGURES. YOUR ANSWER MUST BE WITHIN ONE PERCENT OF THE CORRECT RESULT TO BE MARKED AS CORRECT BY THE SERVER.

001 (part 1 of 1) 4 points

A sample of ideal gas is expanded to twice its original volume of 1 m^3 in a quasi-static process for which

$$P = \alpha V^2$$

with $\alpha = 9 \text{ atm/m}^6$, $V_a = 1 \text{ m}^3$ and $V_b = 2 \text{ m}^3$, as shown in the figure.



How much work was done by the expanding gas? Answer in units of J.

002 (part 1 of 3) 4 points

Given: latent heat of vaporization of water = $2.26 \times 10^6 \text{ J/kg}$.

6.8 cm^3 of water is boiled at atmospheric pressure to become 2822.9 cm^3 of steam, also at atmospheric pressure.

Calculate the work done by the gas during this process. Answer in units of J.

003 (part 2 of 3) 4 points

Find the amount of heat added to the water

to accomplish this process. Answer in units of J.

004 (part 3 of 3) 4 points

Find the change in internal energy. Answer in units of J.

005 (part 1 of 3) 4 points

Given: $R = 8.31451 \text{ J/K} \cdot \text{mol}$.

Two moles of helium gas initially at 469 K and 0.42 atm are compressed isothermally to 1.28 atm.

Find the final volume of the gas. Assume the helium to behave as an ideal gas. Answer in units of m^3 .

006 (part 2 of 3) 4 points

Find the work done by the gas. Answer in units of kJ.

007 (part 3 of 3) 4 points

Find the thermal energy transferred. Answer in units of kJ.

008 (part 1 of 2) 4 points

An ideal gas initially at 400 K undergoes an isobaric expansion at 1 kPa.

If the volume increases from 1.4 m^3 to 1.5 m^3 and 17.2 kJ of thermal energy is transferred to the gas, find the change in its internal energy. Answer in units of kJ.

009 (part 2 of 2) 4 points

Find the final temperature of the gas. Answer in units of K.

010 (part 1 of 1) 5 points

One mole of an ideal gas is heated at constant pressure so that its temperature increases by a factor of 7. Then the gas is heated at constant temperature so that its volume increases by a factor of 7.

Find the ratio of the work done during the isothermal process to that done during the isobaric process.

011 (part 1 of 2) 5 points

One mole of an ideal gas does 2658 J of work on the surroundings as it expands isother-

mally to a final pressure of 0.4 atm and volume of 14 L.

Determine the initial volume. ($R = 8.31451 \text{ J/K} \cdot \text{mol.}$) Answer in units of L.

012 (part 2 of 2) 4 points

Determine the temperature of the gas. Answer in units of K.